

# Daily Capital Journal.

BY HOFER BROTHERS.

TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1896.

## THE ALMIGHTY DOLLAR.

The Salem gold organ don't want the workingman paid in a fifty cent dollar. It wants him paid in the new dispensation dollar, the Carlisle dollar, the McKinley dollar, the Al-mighty dollar, the great Jehovah dollar, that will buy two days' labor, and four bushels of wheat, and ten bushels of oats. It is now buying too much and crushing everything beneath it. But it is to be made still more al-mighty. With 95 per cent of all our wealth in property and only 5 per cent in money, if that money continues to appreciate in purchasing power and to depreciate all other property, it will gradually and ultimately convert the 95 per cent into the hands of the gold holders, and in the crushing, grinding process where will the poor working man be? The almighty dollar will eat him up and swallow his children for generations to come.

What the laborer and farmer want is a dollar that will not swallow up so much of their labor and products. They want a dollar that is easy to get, that is not so scarce, so high, so dear, so almighty powerful. Let this govern-ment legislate more value into labor and quit legislating value into dollars. Let us destroy the corner in gold dollars by putting the silver dollars of our daddies on a legal tender par with them to compete with them and bring down their enormous appreciation of value to a just ratio with silver and other products.

## THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

On the Questions of Money, Immigra-tion and Economy.

The following sections of the Chi-cago national Democratic platform, are of vital importance:

Recognizing that the money ques-tion is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by con-gress under the constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage, at a ratio measured by the silver-dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873 de-monetizing silver without the knowl-edge or approval of the American people has resulted in the apprecia-tion of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation, and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending classes at home and abroad; paralysis of industries and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, founded upon British greed for gain and power, and its general adop-tion has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-Amer-ican, and it can be fastened upon the United States only by the stifling of that indomitable spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the Revolution.

We demand the immediate restora-tion of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legisla-tion as will prevent the demonetiza-tion of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obliga-tions in either silver coin or gold coin.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndi-cates, which in exchange for bonds at

an enormous profit to themselves, sup-ply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monomet-allism.

Congress alone has power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individu-als. We therefore demand that the power to issue notes be taken from the banks, and that the paper shall be issued directly by the treasury depart-ment. We hold that tariff duties should be levied solely for the purpose of revenue, and taxation should be limited by the needs of the govern-ment, honestly and economically ad-ministered. We denounce as dis-torting to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has been twice condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monop-olies, enriching the few at the expense of the many, restricting trade and de-privied the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets. Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to make the deficit in re-venue, caused by the adverse decision of the supreme court as to the income tax.

But for the decision of the supreme court, there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by the Democratic congress, in strict pur-suance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly 100 years, the court having under that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enact-ment, which had been overruled by the highest judges who have ever sat on that bench.

We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional powers which remain after that deci-sion, or which may come from its reversal by the court, as it may here-after be constituted, so that the bur-den of taxation may be equally and impartially divided, to the end that we may all bear the due proportion of the expenses of the government.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly re-duced by a vicious monetary system, which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactures. The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolida-tion of our leading railway systems, and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the fed-eral government of those arteries of commerce.

We denounce the profligate waste of money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation, and the lavish appropriations of recent Republican congresses, which have kept the taxes high while the labor that pays them is unemployed, and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price until they no longer repay the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a Democratic government, and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

Did You Ever... Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your trouble? It not get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exert a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spins, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and \$1.00. Fred A. Legg's Drug Store.

Choice Friers—Doty's Market. 7 tf

## FAILING MANHOOD

General and Nervous Debility.

Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors of Locomotion, or of Young Men, Noble Manhood Fully Restored, Now is the time to Strengthen Weak, Underdeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely un-failing Home Treatment. Write for a day's trial. Send for Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs, mailed (needed) free. ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

## A SALEM BIMETALLIST.

Puts Some Hard Facts Before the Gold Standard Men.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—It seems to be impossible now to pick up a gold-standard paper, or listen to a gold-bug's talk for three minutes, without reading or hearing that the adoption of free coinage would immediately cause the "instant disappearance" of \$20,000,000 of gold and the contraction of our circulating medium by that amount. This is one of the stock arguments of the gold fanatic. Let us examine it in the light of some sort of reason and common sense. First cut down the figures 50 per cent. About six months ago the secretary of the treasury estimated that there was 580 odd millions of gold in the country—and the Lord knows his estimate was too high. Gold has been leaving us ever since at the rate of about \$1,000,000 per day, which would leave about \$300,000,000 in the country now. Over \$100,000,000 is locked up in the treasury of the United States, leaving not to exceed \$200,000,000 actually or theoretically in circula-tion.

And now let us pause to wonder what was the use of their lying so about the amount? The sudden, mys-terious and irretrievable "disappear-ance" of even \$300,000,000, all in solid gold, would be a sufficiently awesome spectacle to contemplate.

But where is this gold now? How much of it is in actual, every day cir-culation—passing from hand to hand among people in ordinary business transactions? Not over one per cent. It is in the bank vaults and strong boxes. Nowhere, except on this coast, is there any gold in circulation among the people. It is hoarded. It is held in bank reserves. It is out of sight and out of reach. No bank east of the Rockies will pay your check in gold. It will pay you in silver and paper. This is too well known to talk about. "But," says the gold lunatic, "it is practically in circulation, for it is available in case of need; it is prop-erly reckoned in the money volume; and it is made a basis for credits." Granted; now keep your eye on the owl. In case of free coinage, and the threatened disappearance of gold, where would it disappear to? Where would it go? What would be done with it? "It will be hoarded." Very well, but how—in what manner? Will the bankers and brokers, who own 99 per cent of it, take it from their vaults, and bury it in old baking powder cans, after the manner of the pioneers; or will they stow it away in the toes of old and more or less dilapidated stockings? Here is one silver fanatic who firmly declines to believe that they will do either one. The gold will stay right in the bank vaults, where it is now; it will be reckoned in the money volume, just as it is now; it will be made a basis of credits, just as it is now; and if the banker owes you anything that is not a gold obligation, he will pay you in silver and paper, just as he does now. There would be no difference from the present, as far as actual circulation is concerned. The small amount of gold on this coast costs no figure, and it would simply go into the vaults, and silver and paper would come out to take its place.

Supposing that gold would go to a premium, what then? If you owed a gold obligation, and had no gold, you would have to pay the premium. But let us clearly understand one point. If the parity is destroyed, then there must of necessity be two prices on every article—a gold price and a silver price, for if there were no difference in purchasing power of gold and silver, then they would certainly be on a parity. Then you will receive more in silver than in gold for what you sell, and if you sell your property for silver at a silver price, you can afford to pay the premium for the gold you are obliged to have. Any man as old as our next president, W. J. Bryan, (36) ought to be able to remember when silver was at a discount because it was not a legal tender for over five dollars. And it may be well to re-mark here, parenthetically, that when the Hon. Thos. H. Tongue stood in our opera house and declared that the Republican party had never taken the full legal tender quality away from silver "at any time to any amount," he most emphatically lied, as any

man who understands English can see by reading the coinage act of 1873. As late as the winter of 1873-8 the writer paid a premium to obtain gold for silver, in San Francisco. Gold was then suffering from one of these attacks of "disappearance," but there was plenty of it to be seen through plate glass, and it was ready and an-xious to circulate whenever required. So, even supposing that the parity is destroyed, and that gold refuses to circulate on equal terms with silver, it does not follow that our circulating medium will be diminished by the amount of gold in the country.

Indeed it must take a peculiarly constituted mind to believe that the owner of gold would hide it away, and refuse to make any use of it. The owner of dollars must keep them in use, or his income ceases, and no one understands that better than himself. There would be as much sense in the Salem Truck & Dray Co. leaving their best pair of horses always standing in the barn, through aversion to putting them at the same kind of work with inferior teams. So it is childish non-sense to tell us that gold would utterly and permanently disappear from our volume of currency, even were the parity destroyed. As long as it stays in this country it will be used as money, and no thinking man (of whom we hear so much) can be-lieve otherwise.

"But," some gold man tells us, "gold would leave the country." My dear, forgetful and amazingly illogical friend, your basic argument is that gold is invariably worth the same, and passes for the same, the world over; take away that prop, and your whole beautiful theory falls to the ground; so it would still, of course, be worth as much here as anywhere else, and why "leave"? But suppose it leaves. It will not leave as the swal-lows leave in the Fall, or the wild geese in the Spring. It will not take to itself wings, and fly away. For every dollar that goes we will get its value in return, or it will pay our foreign debts to just that amount. Could \$200,000,000 leave us tomorrow, it would save us about \$11,000,000 in interest every day. Give us plenty of silver, and we don't need the gold. Paper redeemable in coin will be as sound and safe on a silver basis as on gold basis, and, for convenience, will answer every purpose of gold for busi-ness use or any legitimate purpose, as it is already doing in 99 per cent of our cash transactions. Dr. Cusick's idea of a carload of silver for an ob-ject lesson was simply silly in its ex-treme childishness. So, if gold "leaves," we can cheerfully say, "let it leave and be!"—what the immortal Vanderbilt said the people could "be."

If there is a demand for gold to pay already existing gold obligations among ourselves, we need have no fear but the demand will call forth the supply. In the matter of foreign transac-tion our domestic currency cuts no figure whatever. It is a matter of so much bullion, not so many dollars.

A disinterested and clear-headed judge doesn't allow himself to be biased by prej-udice. Superstition doesn't affect his decisions. Merit and tradition has no place in his reason-ing. Facts are the only things which he consid-ers. If the intelli-gent men and wo-men who make up this great country of ours will simply bring their reason and common sense to bear on the problem of curing their sickness, we will soon be a na-tion most remarkable for health and longev-ity. The plain, unadorned facts about Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are all that is necessary to convince fair-minded people of its transcendent merit. They are as follows:

All diseases come from germs. The germs get into the blood, propagate and increase in the blood, which carries them all over the body. When they find a weak spot, they stick to the weak spot. It becomes a dis-eased spot, and the disease is called by the name corresponding to its location in the body. The cause is the same for nearly all diseases. All impurities are germs, or bred germs. Impure blood means germ filled impurities. Kill the germs, eliminate the impurities, enrich the blood, and it will cure itself into the diseased spot and strengthen it, and give it power to throw off the germs that exist there. Dr. Pierce's Golden Med-ical Discovery is designed to do this—that is the theory. The facts are these—tens of thousands of people have used the "Dis-cove-ry." It used to be sold with the under-standing that if it didn't cure, it should be returned, and the money refunded. No-body ever asked for the money, and so that clause was dropped. Thousands of people have written voluntary letters of thanks to its discoverer. A few of these letters have been included in Dr. Pierce's great thou-sand page book, Common Sense Medical Advice. It will be sent absolutely free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing only. Address, with stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Insist

Upon having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's. It is an in-sult to your intelligence to try to sell you something else. Remember that all efforts to induce you to buy an article you do not want, are based simply

## Upon

the desire to secure more profit. The dealer or clerk who does this cares nothing for your welfare. He simply wants your money. Do not permit yourself to be deceived. Insist upon having

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

And only Hood's. It is the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

When Mr. McKinley, the other day, said: "The money of the United States, whether of paper, silver or gold, must not only be current at its full face value at home, but it must be counted at par in any and every commercial center of the globe,"—he simply gave vent to a lot of high-sounding balderdash unworthy of a cross-roads politician. I defy any banker, in Salem or elsewhere, to state over his signature that our \$20 greenback is, or ever has been, "counted at par" with our \$20 gold piece in "any commercial center of the globe," outside the borders of the United States.

The great trouble with the bankers and politicians, now, is their inability to get the fact through their heads: that the people—the great common people—are really aroused; that they are using their thinkers as they be-fore, and are in no mood to be longer bamboozled or monkeyed with; that they are praying for a really great leader—not to lead them by the nose, but to guide them to liberty—and the Almighty is likely to find along one or two this summer.

DAVID BURR CHESSE, Salem, Or., July 12. Stayton flour—Branson & Co.

## JOHN HUGHES,

Dealer in groceries, paints, oils, window glass, varnishes, and the most complete stock of brushes of all kinds in the state. Artists' materials, lime, hair, cement and shingles, and finest quality of grass seeds.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOUND—A fountain pen. Owndr can have same by proving property and paying for this notice. 14 3t

YEW PARK REPUBLICAN CLUB—A meeting of this club will be held at the Yew Park school on Tuesday the 14th inst. at 8 a. m. to elect delegates to the county convention of Republican clubs, and to elect officers and to transact other business of the club. By order of executive committee. 7-10 3t

THE OREGON PEACH BITTERS is now reduced to \$6.50 per dozen if the cash ac-companies the order. Per bottle 75 cents. Send direct to the manufacturer, H. K. Lass, Astoria, Or. 7-9 1m

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY—Active agents, both men and women, are wanted to sell the new dish washer. Inquire of N. W. Garrison, at the bridge on Eighteenth st., Salem, Or. 6-8 1t

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE—A proprietor wants to trade a good weekly newspaper office in good town for unincumbered im-proved Salem property. No opposition. Good rea-sons. Information at this office. 6-18 1t

FOR SALE—Driving mare for sale at a bar-gain; weight about 1100; good traveler. In-quire of Wm. Brown & Co. 30 1t

FOR SALE—At a Bargain. Fine residence and corner lot, near city hall. For further particulars inquire at this office. 6-23 1t

FOR SALE OR RENT—40 acres land 5 miles out. Partly improved, wood and pasture, good house, large barn, 2 acres bearing orchard, lot of small fruit, good water. Wood stumps can be had. Box 145, Salem. 18 1t

WELLS—Dug, drove, bored and repaired. Address A. Darr, South Salem. 18 1t

HAY FOR SALE—I will commence to de-liver hay about the 20th to any persons want-ing a fine quality of mixed hay, consisting of clover, blue grass, orchard grass, and other grass. Later on I will have timothy and chest. Leave orders at John Hughes' store, or with H. S. Thomas, or let me know by postal card, Salem. Geo. E. Allen. 7-15 1m

PUBLIC MEN, POLITICIANS AND BUS-iness houses can obtain all newspaper infor-mation from the press of the state, coast and country from the Press Clipping Bureau, Allen's Union Block, Portland. 12 20 1t

PAPERS—Portland, Sacramento, Seattle, Tacoma and San Francisco papers on sale at Miller's Postoffice block.

F. O. NEWS STAND.—Local Subscription Agency for all newspapers and magazines. Fine stock of cigars and confectionery. F. W. Miller, Prop. 1-14 1t

HOME BOARD.—Good table board, with home cooking, served in family style, only \$2 a week. 105 Commercial street. 6-12 1m

CARPET PAPER—Large lot of heavy brown wrapping paper for sale cheap. Last the thing for putting under carpets. Call at Journal office.

## C. H. MACK, DENTIST.

Successor to Dr. J. M. Keene, old White Corner, Salem, Or. Parties desiring superior operations at moderate fees in any branch at in special request.

## Peter G. Norgren,

(Formerly with P. J. Larsen & Co.) Carriage and wagon shop, 320 Commercial street. Bring on your work, old or new, and have it done with a guarantee of satisfaction. 6 26 d&w 1f

## DEPOT EXPRESS.

Meets all mail and passenger trains. Bag-gage and express to all parts of the city. Prompt service. Telephone No. 70. JAMES RADEK.

## Capital Transfer Co

HARRY TOWN, PROP. Express, baggage and all kinds of work done promptly. Leave orders at Patton's store. 12

## MONEY TO LOAN

On farm land security. Special rates on large loans. Loans considered without delay. HAMILTON & MOIR, Bush Bank building.

## MONEY TO LOAN

On city or farm property. T. K. FORD, Over Bush's Bank, F. VAN DER BAAN,

## Carpenter, Builder and Jobber.

481 Winter street. Hard times prices always.

## C. H. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR

215 Commercial st., Salem Or. Suits \$15 upwards. Pants \$5 upwards. 1

## Wells Mineral Springs.

RUBIARD, & REAGON. The choicest mineral water in the state, Salem situated by C. M. Eppley, at the Electric Grocery, East State st.

## J. H. HAAS,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, Makes a specialty of fine repair work. Seth Thomas clocks, etc., 215 Commercial Street

## WHAT IS SAID.

Some say we give the best meal in town for 15c. We say try us and see.

## HOME RESTAURANT

S. RICHARDSON, PROP. Second door north of Hotel Willamette.

## SALEM WATER CO.

Office: Willamette Hotel Building. For water service apply at office. Bill payable monthly in advance. Make a complaint at the office. There will be no deduction in water rate on account of temporary absence from the city unless notice is left at the office. Hereafter water for irrigation will only be furnished to regular consumers using water for domestic purposes. Contractors for side walks, brick work and plastering will please read "under building purposes" page 17 of schedule of rates for 1893. Apply at office for copy.

## 50 CENTS

ON THE DOLLAR.

## Ed. S. Lampert,

289 Commercial st., Salem, Or.

Has bought the Frank E. Shaf-fer and the M. Beamer harness stocks at forced sale. \$4,000 worth of goods will be disposed of at 50 cents on the dollar, Sign of the White Horse.

## SALEM WAGON & REPAIR SHOP

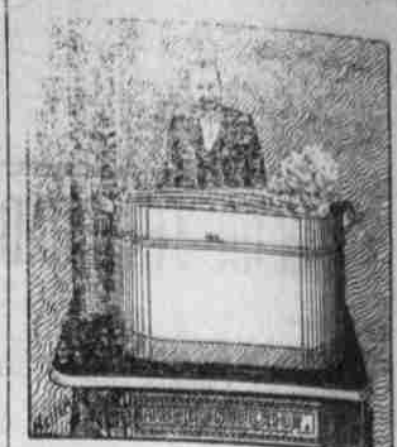
I am prepared to do all kinds of work in wood and iron. Repairing machinery of any kind or making and repairing stone cutters, tools and edged tools of any kind made and repaired; wagons and buggies repaired, and new ones made to order. Horse-drawn, the best that can be done in town—hand-made shoes. Plates and running shoes carefully attended to. Call at my stand, at 100 Chemeke street, back of New York Rocket store.

R. I. HERSCHBACH, PASTURE—First class pasture for horses or cattle just south of Morningside, \$1.00 a month. Best grass and water. Inquire at JOURNAL office. 6-8 1 m

FOR SALE.—One house and two lots, situated in Wheatland, Yamhill county. All set in good fruit. For sale at a bargain. The property is that known as the Wheatland hotel. Price \$150. Address, A. care Jour-nal. 4 2 1t

For Delicacy, for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals FOSCO'S POWDER.

## FOUNTAIN WASHER



187 Commercial street. J. B. BROWN, Salem, Or.

## Rich's Raspberry Syrup.

The choicest article of the kind manufac-tured. Made right here at Salem. Nothing equal to it for desserts, drinks or table use. Call for it at H. G. Sonnemann's Grocery.

## Salem Steam Laundry

Please notice the cut in prices on the following:

Shirts, plain, 10 cents  
Under drawers, 10 cents  
Socks, per pair, 5 cents  
Handkerchiefs, 3 cents  
Silk handkerchiefs, 3 cents  
Shirts and pillow slips 24 cents per dozen, and other work in proportion.

Flannels and other work in-telligently washed by hand. Col. J. Olmsted Prop.

## WOLZ'S MARKET

FREE DELIVERY. W. L. & MIES KE. Props. Dealers in all kinds of fresh and salt meats. Fresh produce a specialty. 171 COMMERCIAL ST.

## EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA—

## Shasta Route.

OF THE

## Southern Pacific Co.

California Express Train—Runs daily, between Portland and San Francisco.

Above trains stop at East Portland, Oregon City, No. 10th, Salem, Turner, Marist, Jefferson, Albany, Albany Junction, Tangier, Shedd, Halley, Harrisburg, Junction City, Eugene, Creswell, Drain, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland, inclusive. ROSEBURG MAIL DAILY.

South North  
8:30 a.m. Lv. Portland ar. 4:30 p.m.  
11:00 a.m. Lv. Salem ar. 2:20 p.m.  
5:20 p.m. Ar. Roseburg Lv. 8:00 a.m.

SALEM PASSENGER.

South North  
4:00 p.m. Lv. Portland ar. 10:15 a.m.  
6:15 p.m. Ar. Salem Lv. 8:00 a.m.

DINING CARS ON OGDEN ROUTE

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS and second-class sleeping cars attached to all through trains.

WEST SIDE DIVISION, Between Portland and Corvallis, daily (except Sunday.)

7:30 a.m. Lv. Portland. Ar. 6:20 p.m.  
12:15 p.m. Ar. Corvallis. Lv. 11:35 p.m.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Central & Eastern Railroad.

Express train daily except Sunday.

4:45 p.m. Lv. Portland. Ar. 8:45 a.m.  
7:25 p.m. Ar. McMinnville Lv. 5:30 a.m.

THROUGH TICKETS

to all points in the Eastern States, Canada and Europe can be obtained at lowest rates from J. W. SKINNER, Agent, Salem.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. G. F. & P. A., Portland, Or.

R. KOEHLER, Manager.

## OREGON CENTRAL

—AND—

## Eastern R. R. Company

[YACUINA RAY ROUTE]

Connecting at Yacuinia Bay with the St. Francisco & Yacuinia Bay Steamship Co.

STEAMER "FARALLON." Sails from Yacuinia every 8 days to San Francisco, Coos Bay, Port Orford, Tillamook and Humboldt Bay.

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Shortest route between the Willamette valley and California.

Fare from Albany or point west to San Francisco, Cabin, \$6; steerage, \$4; to Coos Bay, \$10; to Port Orford, \$10; to Humboldt Bay, \$10; round trip, good for 60 days, special.

RIVER DIVISION, and "Wm. M. Hoag's Steamers "Albany" and "Wm. M. Hoag's

newly furnished, leave Salem daily, except Saturdays, at 11 a. m., arriving at Portland the same day at 5 p. m. Returning leave Portland same day at 8 a. m., arriving at Salem at 3 p. m.

EDWIN STONE, Manager, Corvallis, Or.

J. C. MAYO, Supr., River Division, M. P. BALDWIN, Local Agent, Albion Dock, Salem.

## Ladies Who Value

A refined complexion must use FOSCO'S POWDER. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.